2015-2016 Annual Assessment Report Template

For instructions and guidelines visit our $\underline{website}$ or $\underline{contact\ us}$ for more help.

	Report:		Bs Environmental Studies	
Qu	estion 1: Progra	ım Learning O	utcomes	
Q1. Whi	1.	m Learning Outcomes	s (PLOs) and Sac State Baccalaureate Learning G	oals (BLGs) did you
	1. Critical Thinking			
	2. Information Literacy			
/	3. Written Communication	on		
	4. Oral Communication			
	5. Quantitative Literacy			
	6. Inquiry and Analysis			
	7. Creative Thinking			
	8. Reading			
	9. Team Work			
	10. Problem Solving			
	11. Civic Knowledge and	l Engagement		
	12. Intercultural Knowled	dge and Competency		
	13. Ethical Reasoning			
	14. Foundations and Skil	lls for Lifelong Learni	ng	
	15. Global Learning			
	16. Integrative and Appl	ied Learning		
	17. Overall Competencie	es for GE Knowledge		
	18. Overall Competencie	es in the Major/Discipl	ine	
	19. Other, specify any a	ssessed PLOs not incl	uded above:	
a.				
b.				
			on about EACH PLO you checked above and other Sac State BLGs:	er information such as
See	attached report			
	2.1. you have rubrics for your	PLOs?		
	1. Yes, for all PLOs			
	2. Yes, but for some PLO	Os		
	3. No rubrics for PLOs			
	4. N/A			

5. Other, specify:	
Q1.3.	
	gned with the mission of the university?
1. Yes	
2. No	
3. Don't know	
Q1.4.	
Is your program external	ly accredited (other than through WASC Senior College and University Commission (WSCUC))?
1. Yes	
2. No (skip to Q1.5	;)
3. Don't know (skip	to Q1.5)
Q1.4.1.	
If the answer to Q1.4 is	yes, are your PLOs closely aligned with the mission/goals/outcomes of the accreditation agency?
1. Yes	
2. No	
3. Don't know	
Q1.5.	
	e Degree Qualification Profile (DQP) to develop your PLO(s)?
1. Yes	
2. No, but I know w	what the DQP is
3. No, I don't know	what the DQP is
4. Don't know	
Q1.6.	to make each PLO measurable?
1. Yes	to make each FLO measurable:
2. No	
3. Don't know	
3. Doll Ckilow	
(Remember: Save you	r progress)
Ouestion 2: Sta	ndard of Performance for the Selected PLO
Q2.1.	
Select ONE(1) PLO here	as an example to illustrate how you conducted assessment (be sure you checked the correct box for
this PLO in Q1.1): Written Communication	
Witteen Communication	
Q2.1.1. Please provide more back	kground information about the specific PLO you've chosen in Q2.1.
See attached report	sground mileningues and epochic i ze you to eneced in Qz. z.
See attached report	
Q2.2.	and an adopted applicate attacked of the Commerce Co. 1855 DLCC
	ped or adopted explicit standards of performance for this PLO?
1. Yes	
2. No	

3. Don't know

0 4. 1	N/A	
Q2.3. Please plappendix		he rubric(s) and standards of performance that you have developed for this PLO here or in the
See atta	ched rep	ort
⋓ No f	ile attach	ned No file attached
Q2.4. PLO	Q2.5. Stdrd	rubric that was used to measure the PLO:
•	•	I. In SOME course syllabi/assignments in the program that address the PLO
		2. In ALL course syllabi/assignments in the program that address the PLO
		3. In the student handbook/advising handbook
		4. In the university catalogue
		5. On the academic unit website or in newsletters
•	•	6. In the assessment or program review reports, plans, resources, or activities
		7. In new course proposal forms in the department/college/university
		8. In the department/college/university's strategic plans and other planning documents
		9. In the department/college/university's budget plans and other resource allocation documents
		10. Other, specify:
Quest Select		: Data Collection Methods and Evaluation of Data Quality for the _O
Q3.1. Was asse		data/evidence collected for the selected PLO?
2. N	No (skip Don't kn	to Q6) ow (skip to Q6) o to Q6)
Q3.1.1. How man	ny asses	sment tools/methods/measures in total did you use to assess this PLO?
1. Y2. I	⁄es No (skip	to Q6) by (skip to Q6)
		o to Q6)

ee attached report	
emember: Save your	rogress)
	ct Measures (key assignments, projects, portfolios, etc.)
3.3.	
	assignments, projects, portfolios, course work, student tests, etc.) used to assess this PLO?
1. Yes	
2. No (skip to Q3.7)	
3. Don't know (skip t	Q3.7)
3.3.1.	t measures were used? [Check all that apply]
	g. theses, senior theses), courses, or experiences
2. Key assignments	om required classes in the program
3. Key assignments	m elective classes
4. Classroom based	rformance assessment such as simulations, comprehensive exams, or critiques
5. External performa	e assessments such as internships or other community-based projects
6. E-Portfolios	
7. Other Portfolios	
8. Other, specify:	
3.3.2. ease explain and attac	the direct measure you used to collect data:
ee attached report	
e attached report	
No file attached	No file attached
3.4.	and the date?
nat tool was used to eve	
	interpret the evidence (skip to Q3.4.4.)
Z. Usea rubric develo	
O Handandari da L	
	ted and refined by a group of faculty (alike to 03.4.3.)
4. Used rubric pilot-t	sted and refined by a group of faculty (skip to Q3.4.2.)
4. Used rubric pilot-t 5. The VALUE rubric	
	ed/modified by the faculty who teaches the class (skip to Q3.4.2.) ed/modified by a group of faculty (skip to Q3.4.2.)

If you used other means, which of the following measures was used? [Check all that apply]	
1. National disciplinary exams or state/professional licensure exams (skip to Q3.4.4.)	
2. General knowledge and skills measures (e.g. CLA, ETS PP, etc.) (skip to Q3.4.4.)	
3. Other standardized knowledge and skill exams (e.g. ETC, GRE, etc.) (skip to Q3.4.4.)	
4. Other, specify:	(skip to Q3.4.4.)
22.4.2	
Q3.4.2. Was the rubric aligned directly and explicitly with the PLO ?	
1. Yes	
2. No	
3. Don't know	
○ 4. N/A	
Q3.4.3. Was the direct measure (e.g. assignment, thesis, etc.) aligned directly and explicitly with the rubric	?
1. Yes	
2. No	
3. Don't know	
○ 4. N/A	
Q3.4.4. Was the direct measure (e.g. assignment, thesis, etc.) aligned directly and explicitly with the PLO? 1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't know	
○ 4. N/A	
Q3.5. How many faculty members participated in planning the assessment data collection of the selected PLC)?
2	
Q3.5.1. How many faculty members participated in the evaluation of the assessment data for the selected PLO	?
Q3.5.2. If the data was evaluated by multiple scorers, was there a norming process (a procedure to make sure estimilarly)? 1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't know 4. N/A	everyone was scoring

Q3.6.How did you **select** the sample of student work (papers, projects, portfolios, etc.)?

See attached report
Q3.6.1.
How did you decide how many samples of student work to review?
See attached report
Q3.6.2. How many students were in the class or program?
approximately 30
Q3.6.3.
How many samples of student work did you evaluated?
all available
Q3.6.4. Was the sample size of student work for the direct measure adequate?
1. Yes
② 2. No
3. Don't know
(Remember: Save your progress)
Question 3B: Indirect Measures (surveys, focus groups, interviews, etc.)
Q3.7. Were indirect measures used to assess the PLO?
1. Yes
2. No (skip to Q3.8)
3. Don't Know (skip to Q3.8)
Q3.7.1.
Which of the following indirect measures were used? [Check all that apply] 1. National student surveys (e.g. NSSE)
2. University conducted student surveys (e.g. OIR)
3. College/department/program student surveys or focus groups 3. College/department/program student surveys or focus groups
4. Alumni surveys, focus groups, or interviews
5. Employer surveys, focus groups, or interviews
6. Advisory board surveys, focus groups, or interviews

7. Other, specify:
Q3.7.1.1.
Please explain and attach the indirect measure you used to collect data:
☑ No file attached ☑ No file attached ☑
Q3.7.2.
If surveys were used, how was the sample size decided ?
Q3.7.4. If surveys were used, how did you select your sample:
Question 3C: Other Measures (external benchmarking, licensing exams, standardized tests, etc.)
Q3.8. Were external benchmarking data, such as licensing exams or standardized tests, used to assess the PLO?
1. Yes
2. No (skip to Q3.8.2)
3. Don't Know (skip to Q3.8.2)
02.84
Q3.8.1. Which of the following measures was used? [Check all that apply]
National disciplinary exams or state/professional licensure exams
2. General knowledge and skills measures (e.g. CLA, ETS PP, etc.)

3. Other standardized knowledge and skill exams (e.g. ETC, GRE, etc.)
4. Other, specify:
Q3.8.2. Were other measures used to assess the PLO? 1. Yes 2. No (skip to Q4.1) 3. Don't know (skip to Q4.1)
Q3.8.3.
If other measures were used, please specify:
■ No file attached ■ No file attached
(Remember: Save your progress)
Question 4: Data, Findings, and Conclusions
Q4.1. Please provide simple tables and/or graphs to summarize the assessment data, findings, and conclusions for the selected PLO for Q2.1 :
See attached report
■ No file attached■ No file attached
Q4.2. Are students doing well and meeting the program standard? If not, how will the program work to improve student performance of the selected PLO?
To some extent (see assessment results)
No file attached No file attached
Q4.3. For the selected PLO, the student performance: 1. Exceeded expectation/standard
2. Met expectation/standard

 3. Partially met expectation/standard 					
4. Did not meet expectation/standard					
5. No expectation/standard has been specified					
6. Don't know					
Question 4A: Alignment and Quality					
Q4.4. Did the data, including the direct measures, from all the differe PLO?	ent assessmer	nt tools/mea	asures/meth	ods directly	align with the
1. Yes					
2. No					
3. Don't know					
Q4.5. Were all the assessment tools/measures/methods that were us 1. Yes	ed good mea	sures of the	PLO?		
2. No					
3. Don't know					
Question 5: Use of Assessment Data (Cl	osina the	e Loop)			
Q5.1.	oomig cir.	o 200p)			
As a result of the assessment effort and based on prior feedback program (e.g. course structure, course content, or modification 1. Yes 2. No (skip to Q5.2) 3. Don't know (skip to Q5.2)	of PLOs)?	, 40 , 52 4			.300 .0. ,00.
Q5.1.1. Please describe <i>what changes</i> you plan to make in your program description of how you plan to assess the impact of these changes.		of your asse	essment of t	his PLO. Inc	lude a
We will discuss necessary program changes during our strategic	planning retr	reat to be he	eld in Augus	t.	
Q5.1.2. Do you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you have a plan to a pl	ou anticipate	making?			
2. No					
3. Don't know					
3. Don't know					
Q5.2.					
	1. Very Much	2. Quite a Bit	3. Some	4. Not at All	5. N/A
Q5.2. How have the assessment data from the last annual	Very Much	Quite a Bit	Some	Not at All	N/A
Q5.2. How have the assessment data from the last annual assessment been used so far? [Check all that apply] 1. Improving specific courses	Very Much	Quite a Bit	Some	Not at All	N/A
Q5.2. How have the assessment data from the last annual assessment been used so far? [Check all that apply]	Very Much	Quite a Bit	Some	Not at All	N/A

4. Revising learning outcomes/goals					
5. Revising rubrics and/or expectations					
6. Developing/updating assessment plan					
7. Annual assessment reports	0	0	0	0	0
8. Program review	0	0	0	0	0
9. Prospective student and family information	0		0	0	
10. Alumni communication					
11. WSCUC accreditation (regional accreditation)					
12. Program accreditation					
13. External accountability reporting requirement					
14. Trustee/Governing Board deliberations					
15. Strategic planning					
16. Institutional benchmarking					
17. Academic policy development or modifications					
18. Institutional improvement					
19. Resource allocation and budgeting					
20. New faculty hiring					0
21. Professional development for faculty and staff					
22. Recruitment of new students					
23. Other, specify: Recent program assessments have not be Q5.2.1. Please provide a detailed example of how you used the asses NA		ve:			
Q5.2.1. Please provide a detailed example of how you used the asses NA (Remember: Save your progress)		ve:			
Q5.2.1. Please provide a detailed example of how you used the asses NA	sment data abo		not related	f to the PLO	s (i.e.
Q5.2.1. Please provide a detailed example of how you used the asses NA (Remember: Save your progress) Additional Assessment Activities Q6. Many academic units have collected assessment data on aspe impacts of an advising center, etc.). If your program/academic report your results here:	sment data abo	ram <i>that are</i>			
Q5.2.1. Please provide a detailed example of how you used the asses NA (Remember: Save your progress) Additional Assessment Activities Q6. Many academic units have collected assessment data on aspeimpacts of an advising center, etc.). If your program/academ	sment data abo	ram <i>that are</i>			

	2. Informa	ation Literacy				
		Communication				
	4. Oral Co	mmunication				
	5. Ouantita	ative Literacy				
		and Analysis				
	7. Creative					
	8. Reading					
	9. Team W					
	10. Problei					
		Knowledge and Engage	ement			
		ultural Knowledge and				
		Reasoning	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
		ations and Skills for L	ifelong Learning			
	15. Global					
		ative and Applied Lea	rnina			
	_	I Competencies for G	_			
		I Competencies in the	_			
		specify any PLOs not				
a.			ategic planning retreat	: in August		
b.						
c.						
Yes.	e you attacl	No file attached hed any files to this fing evaluation results and the formation (F	for AY 15/16	No file attached st every attached file	here:	
P1.						
	ram/Concei Environmen	ntration Name(s): [b stal Studies	/ degree]			
		ntration Name(s): [b	y department]			
	ort Author(s	5):				
Jeff	ery Foran					
P2.:	ι.					
Dep	artment Cha	air/Program Director:				
Jeff	ery Foran					

Assessment Coordinator:
Jeffery Foran/Cathy Ishikawa
P3.
Department/Division/Program of Academic Unit Environ. Studies
LIMION. Stadies
P4.
College:
College of Social Sciences & Interdisciplinary Studies
DE .
P5. Total enrollment for Academic Unit during assessment semester (see Departmental Fact Book):
220
P6.
Program Type:
1. Undergraduate baccalaureate major
O 2. Credential
3. Master's Degree
4. Doctorate (Ph.D./Ed.D./Ed.S./D.P.T./etc.)
○ 5. Other, specify:
P7. Number of undergraduate degree programs the academic unit has?
B7.4 List all the garage.
P7.1. List all the names:
BS in Environmental Studies
P7.2. How many concentrations appear on the diploma for this undergraduate program?
0
P8. Number of master's degree programs the academic unit has?
0
P8.1. List all the names:
P8.2. How many concentrations appear on the diploma for this master's program?
N/A

P9. Number of credential programs the	academic unit	has?					
0							
P9.1. List all the names:							
P10. Number of doctorate degree progra	ams the acad	emic unit h	as?				
0							
P10.1. List all the names:							
When was your assessment plan	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
,	Before 2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	No Plan	Don't
P11. developed?	2010-11					•	know
P11.1. last updated?	0		0	0	0	•	0
P11.3.							
Please attach your latest assessment pla	n:						
◎ No file attached							
P12.							
Has your program developed a curriculum 1. Yes	тарг						
② 2. No							
3. Don't know							
P12.1.							
Please attach your latest curriculum map	:						
No file attached							
P13. Has your program indicated in the curriculu	m man where	assessmen	t of studer	ıt learning	occurs?		
1. Yes	map where	. 20000011101	. C. Stauel		- Journ J.		
2. No							
3. Don't know							
J. DOIL CKNOW							
D1 /							

P14.Does your program have a capstone class?

1. Yes, indicate: Senior Thesis

\bigcirc	2.	No	
_			

3. Don't know

P14.1

Does your program have **any** capstone project?

1. Yes

2. No

3. Don't know

(Remember: Save your progress)

Writing Evaluation Results for Program Review

Introduction

As part of the annual and period program assessment processes, the Program Learning Objective/Outcome B - Ability to write clearly and persuasively - was evaluated quantitatively. Two sets of writing assignments were analyzed to compare students in earlier stages of the program to those finishing the program. For students finishing the program, senior theses drafts were analyzed. All students in the major must complete a senior thesis to graduate, and because they generally take the thesis class during their final semester, theses provide a good estimate of writing skills students have when graduating. Students' first drafts were analyzed because final drafts were influenced by the thesis instructor's advice and edits. This choice may have underestimated students' abilities, given that they knew it was a first draft and that they may have learned more about writing through meeting with their instructor.

The writing assignment used to evaluate students near the beginning of the program was the first writing assignment for ENVS 112, "International Environmental Issues," a writing intensive course for ENVS majors. For this assignment, students wrote a page in class about an environmental issue that interested them. They took their in-class drafts and submitted them as a one-page draft that the course instructors commented on. Students then researched their issue and expanded the paper to two pages. While students submitted a revised version of this paper, their first two-page version was analyzed to minimize the influence of instructor advice and editing.

The rubric for evaluating students' writing considered performance in the following areas: Thesis or Focus, Organization, Support and Reasoning, Style, and Writing (Appendix A, adapted from Northeastern Illinois University's writing rubric). This rubric contains similar skills as the AAC&U's LEAP VALUE Written Communication rubric, but skills were organized in a way the rater (C. Ishikawa) found more intuitive and easy to apply. The four proficiency categories match well between the two rubrics, so a 4 ("High Proficiency") on our rubric corresponded to a 4 ("Capstone") on the VALUE rubric, and so on for the lower categories.

Results and Discussion

Senior Thesis

The goal of having at least 70% of students leave with scores of "3-Proficiency" or "4-High Proficiency" was only met for the Style category. Style had over 70% of students in the proficient categories, while other criteria had only 45 to 50% of students in the proficient categories (Table 1). All students had at least some proficiency in style and mechanics and all but one had some proficiency in organization. In general, students were able to construct sentences well and to write in a fairly professional tone. Overuse of strong modifiers and informal phrases were the most common reasons for students receiving "2-Some Proficiency" scores for style. For mechanics, some students may have not submitted their cleanest effort because they knew this was a draft. However, most papers that fell in the "2-Some Proficiency" category for mechanics had errors that repeated. Missing or misplaced commas were common, but run-on sentences and sentence fragments were rare, with only one or two occurring in a paper, if at all.

Table 1. Percent of papers (n = 22) receiving each score for five criteria (see Appendix ___for descriptions of performance required for each score).

	4	3	2	1
	High Proficiency	Proficiency	Some Proficiency	Limited Proficiency
Thesis/Focus	14	32	36	18
Organization	14	36	45	5
Support/Reasoning	5	41	36	18
Style	5	68	27	0
Mechanics	0	45	55	0

Organization may have been better than the scores suggest. Each paper had sections arranged in a reasonably logical way, so large-scale organization was fairly proficient for most papers. For three papers, low scores on organization were due to the paper appearing to be written in a scientific paper format but not following the organizational conventions for such a paper well. Most other issues appeared at the paragraph level. For example, some papers had long paragraphs with multiple topics that should have been broken into several paragraphs. Other papers had paragraphs that stuck to one topic, but had topic sentences that did not reflect the topic or help lead the reader through the paper.

The Thesis/Focus and Support/Reasoning categories had more papers that did not meet the qualifications for "2-Some Proficiency" than other criteria had (Table 1). No paper received a "Limited Proficiency" rating for both criteria; four papers received a "limited proficiency" score for Thesis/Focus and four received "Limited Proficiency" for Support/Reasoning. Papers receiving this low rating for Thesis/Focus essentially had no statement of their goal or purpose for writing the paper (though in one case the title described the focus well). Reasons for low support and reasoning scores varied. Two papers appeared to be written with a scientific format but only presented results—no analysis or discussion of the results were present. Another paper had strings of facts and statistics with no connection between them or to the thesis. The fourth paper had limited analysis, with factual errors and overgeneralizations permeating what little analysis was there.

Paper for ENVS 112

Score distributions tended to be lower for ENVS 112 papers than they were for theses for some criteria (Table 2). In particular, Thesis/Focus, Support/Reasoning, and Style criteria appear to be higher for students later in their course of study, especially when looking at the percentage of papers scoring in the proficient or highly proficient categories (Figure 1). Part of the improvement in the "Thesis/Focus" criteria may be due to the fact that students in 112 had less time to choose their topic, and instructions for the paper did not specify that their paper should state the purpose of the paper somewhere. Thesis students, on the other hand, had written a prospectus, and the instructor had used the prospectus to help students narrow and define their topic.

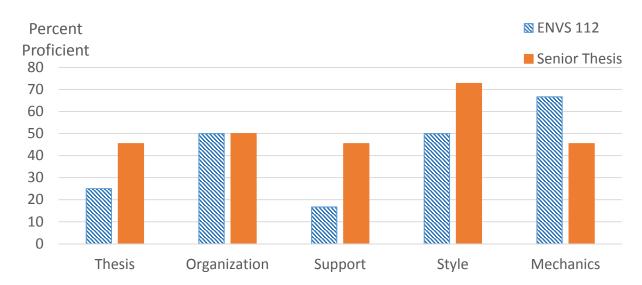
The length of the assignments may have also led to differences in scores. For example, proofreading two pages takes less effort than proofreading 15 to 20, which may help explain the higher percentage of students with proficient mechanics in ENVS 112. Also, students in ENVS

112 may have perceived that with only two pages they did not need to provide much supporting evidence. Students with 2 or 1 scores for "Support / Reasoning" often used one anecdote, described in detail, to support a broad generalization. While some students successfully gave an appropriate amount of evidence, more might have done so had they perceived the assignment as more demanding.

Table 2. Percent of papers (n = 12) receiving each score for five criteria (see Appendix ___for descriptions of performance required for each score).

	4	3	2	1
	High Proficiency	Proficiency	Some Proficiency	Limited Proficiency
Thesis/Focus	0	25	25	50
Organization	8	42	33	17
Support/Reasoning	8	8	67	17
Style	0	50	50	0
Mechanics	8	58	33	0

Figure 1. Percent of papers from two classes that received ratings of "Proficiency" or "High Proficiency" for five criteria. ENVS 112, a Writing Intensive course, is normally taken early in a student's course of study; Senior Thesis is normally completed during a student's final semester.



Appendix A

Rubric used to evaluate student writing, adapted from Northeastern Illinois University's writing rubric (http://www.csusm.edu/ids/course-design-and-instruction/assessment/rubrics/writing_rubric_Northeastern.pdf).

Quality	No/Limited	Some Proficiency	Proficiency	High Proficiency
Criteria	Proficiency	(2 points)	(3 points)	(4 points)
	(1 point)			
1. Thesis/Focus:	Reader cannot determine thesis &	Thesis and purpose are somewhat vague	Thesis and purpose are fairly clear and	Thesis and purpose are clear; closely
(a) Clarity	purpose OR thesis	OR only loosely	match the writing	match the writing
(b) Originality	has no relation to the writing task.	related to the writing task,	task. Thesis and purpose are	task, and provide fresh insight.
	witting task.	AND/OR unimaginative	somewhat original.	inesir insigni.
2. Organization	Unclear organization OR organizational plan is inappropriate to thesis. No transitions. Does not adhere to organizational conventions for assigned writing format.	Some signs of logical organization in support of the thesis. Transitions are abrupt, illogical, and ineffective. May deviate substantially from organizational conventions.	Organization supports thesis and purpose. Transitions are generally appropriate. However, sequence of ideas could be improved. May deviate slightly from organizational conventions.	Fully & imaginatively supports thesis & purpose. Sequence of ideas is effective. Transitions are smooth and effective. Follows organizational conventions for type of writing.
3. Support/	Offers simplistic,	Offers some support	Offers solid but less	Substantial, logical,
Reasoning:	undeveloped, or cryptic support for	that may that may be dubious, too broad or	original reasoning. Assumptions or	& concrete development of
(a) Ideas	ideas; Inappropriate or off-topic	obvious. Details are too general, not	reasoning connective evidence	ideas. Assumptions are made explicit.
(b) Details	generalizations, faulty	interpreted, irrelevant	to conclusion are not	Details are
	assumptions, errors of fact.	to thesis, or inappropriately	always made explicit. Contains	germane, original, and convincingly
		repetitive.	some appropriate details or examples.	interpreted.
4. Style	Superficial and	Sentences show little	Sentences show	Sentences are
(a) Sentences	stereotypical language. Oral rather	variety, simplistic. Diction is somewhat	some variety & complexity. Uneven	varied, complex, & employed for effect.
(b) Diction	than written language	immature; relies on	control. Diction is	Diction is precise,
(c) Tone/Voice	patterns predominate.	clichés. Tone may have some	accurate, generally appropriate, less	appropriate, using advanced
		inconsistencies in	advanced. Tone is	vocabulary. Tone is

		tense and person.	appropriate.	mature, consistent, suitable for topic and audience.
5. Writing Conventions: Grammar/Spelling/ Usage/Punctuation	Mechanical & usage errors so severe that writer's ideas are difficult to understand.	Repeated weaknesses in mechanics and usage. Pattern of flaws.	Grammar and syntax are correct with very few errors in spelling or punctuation.	Essentially error free. Evidence of superior control of diction.